<u>Syllabus for PG entrance examination</u> <u>Subject-Political Science</u>

 Fundamentals of Political Science - Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Political Science, Growth of Political Science as a discipline, PoliticalScience and other Social Sciences, State- Meaning, Importance and elements, Theories of State- Social contract theory and Evolutionary theory, Sovereignty, Liberty, Equality, Rights, Justice, Political obligation and Citizenship.

2. Political thinkers-Plato, Aristotle and Kautilya, Jawaharlal Nehru, Mahatma Gandhi and Dr.BR Ambedkar.

3. Modern Governments-

Government of UK-features, Parliament, Crown and Prime Minister, the Supreme Court, Government of USA- features, the Congress, the President, the Supreme Court, Government of Switzerland-features, Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.

4. Constitution of India- Features, Preamble, fundamental rights and Duties, Directive principles of state policy, Parliament, President and Prime Minister, Council of ministers, the Supreme Court, Indian federalism-features, Centre-State relations.

5. State Government and Politics- Legislature, Governor, Chief Minister, Council of ministers, High Courts and Subordinate courts.

 Local self governments- Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance, 73rd and 74th Constitutional amendments, ZillaPanchayaths and Gram Panchayaths, City-Corporations and Town Panchayaths.

7. Political process in India- Party System, National and Regional Political Parties-Role and Functions, Pressure Groups, Electoral System- Election Commission of India, Electoral reforms.

8. Public Administration-Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance, Organization andPrinciples of Organization, Department-Bases and Classification, Management- Features and Functions, Civil Service-Features and Functions, Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Morale, discipline and Retirement. 9. International Relations-Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance, National Power and Elements of National Power, Foreign Policy and its Instruments-Diplomacy, Propaganda and War, Contemporary Global Concerns- Democracy, Human rights, Environment, Gender Justice, Terrorism and Nuclear Proliferation.

10. International Organizations and Administration- United Nations and its Principal Organs, specialized agencies- UNESCO, UNICEF, ILO, IMFandWHO. Regional Organizations-EU, ASEAN, SAARC and NAFTA

Reference:

- 1. Principles of Political Science- A.C. Kapoor.
- 2. Modern Political Theory- S. P. Verma.
- 3. A study of Political Theory- B.K. Gokale.
- 4. Political Theory- Ashirvatham.
- 5. Western Political Thought- R.C. Gupta
- 6. Indian Political Thought- Goel.
- 7. Select Constitutions- A.C. Kapoor.
- 8. World Constitutions- V.D. Mahajan
- 9. Major Political systems- J.C. Johari.
- 10. Indian Governments and Politics- J.C. Johari.
- 11. Indian Constitutions- M.E. Pylee.
- 12. Local Self Governments in India- S.R. Maheshwari.
- 13. Principles of Public Administration- A.R. Tyagi.
- 14. Public Administration- Avasthi and Maheshwari.
- 15. Theory and Practice of Public Administration- M.P. Sharma.
- 16. International Relations- Palmer and parkins.
- 17. International Relations- V.D. Mahajan and Jayapalan.
- 18. Politics among Nations- Hans J Morgenthau.
- 19. International Relations- K.K. Ghai.
- 20. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics-Mahendra Kumar.
- 21. International Relations- U Sharma.
- 22. Introduction to World Politics- Dr. S C Singhal.
- 23. Theory of International Relations- A Vandana.
- 24. International Organizations: Structures and Process- B N Maheshwari.
- 25. International Relations and Politics- J C Johari.

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